	Week of March 4t	h		Sheet Name		
	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	
1)		Science Olympiad	Forces in Fluids	Forces in Fluids	Forces in Fluids	
Science	Engineering Design Principle #7	Mouse Trap Car	11.3 Pascal's Principal	Engineering Design	Engineering Design	
	lterate	Race Day	p.432-436	Simple Machines Review	Simple Machines Review	
	Improve your Prototype	Distance Race Speed Race	Assessments p. 436	Screw, Wedge, & Inclined Plane	Pulley, Lever, Wheel & Axle	
	Read 30 Min	Read 30 Min	Read 30 Min	Read 30 Min	Read 30 Min	
Arts						
	Position Paper	Position Paper	Position Paper	Position Paper	Position Paper	
3	Logical Fallacies	Topic Finalization	Logical Fallacies	Logical Fallacies	Thesis Statement	
	False Analogy	Research Day	Correlation No Causation	Straw Man	Review	
	Growth & Expansion	Jefferson Era	Jefferson Era	Jefferson Era	Jefferson Era	
Social Studies	9.1Growing	9.1 Growing Economy			9.3 Unity &	
	Economy p.328-334	p.328-334 Day 2	p. 335-341	p. 335-341 Day 2	Sectionalism p. 342-351	
	Inquiry Journal p. 224-229	Inquiry Journal p. 224-229	Inquiry Journal p. 230-235	Inquiry Journal p. 230-235	Inquiry Journal Skip for 9.3	

Monterey Highlands
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Errors		ICAL FALLACIE		Position Paper Essay Structure	
	Ad Hominem Latin: "At the Person"	Talking badly about people instead of addressing their argument	"Students who want to use cell phones in school just don't get it. They are just kids who have no idea what they're talking about."	Intro	Define the debate Some think but others believe or An issue that is hotly debate is Make a clear claim
Ť	Slippery Slope	Making it seem that one side of the argument opens the door to a silde toward a worst possible scenario	"If we let kids have cell phones in class, then they'll be making phone calls all day long and they'l never get any work done. Then our classrooms will be chaos and our kids will never learn anything. And they'l be accademic failures. We don't want kids to be accademic failures so we shouldn't let them have cell phones in class."	Body	it's clear that overall If one had to choose, then Research shows, however, that Forecast your reasons (Thesis Statement) because (reason 1), because (reason 2), and because (reason 3) Reason 1
TELEVER TELEVER	Begging the Claim	Using loaded language to push ideas instead of proving them.	"Cell phones, high-tech devices that cause distractions and cyber bullying, should be banned in schools.	Paragraph1	One reason that is that Evidence a, b, c For example (evidence a) Also (evidence b) In addition (evidence c
1-10	False Analogy	Comparing two things that really aren't the same.	"Administrators who don't want kids to have cell phones are like wardens of a jail"	Body Paragraph 2	Reason 2 A second reason that is that Evidence a, b, c For example (evidence a) Also (evidence b)
ST CO	Correlation, No Causation	Assuming that because two things happened, one caused the other.	"Some kids failed a test last week and they all had cell phones. Having cell phones in school made them fail	Body Paragraph 3	In addition (evidence c Reason 3
	Straw Man	Misrepresenting (and often oversimplifying) the original argument and then arguing against the misrepresentation.	"All these teachers are all claiming that kids having cell phones in class is the end of all learning. Now, it is simply just not the case that cell phones are the end of all learning and here's why"	Conclusion	For example (evidence a) Also (evidence b) In addition (evidence c Acknowledge the sides, and restate or redefined the claim